

### Disclaimer

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Data obtained through Sentinel are intended to complement other types of evidence such as preclinical studies, clinical trials, postmarket studies, and adverse event reports, all of which are used by FDA to inform regulatory decisions regarding medical product safety. The information contained in this report is provided as part of FDA's commitment to place knowledge acquired from Sentinel in the public domain as soon as possible. Any public health actions taken by FDA regarding products involved in Sentinel queries will continue to be communicated through existing channels.

FDA wants to emphasize that the fact that FDA has initiated a query involving a medical product and is reporting findings related to that query does not mean that FDA is suggesting health care practitioners should change their prescribing practices for the medical product or that patients taking the medical product should stop using it. Patients who have questions about the use of an identified medical product should contact their health care practitioners.

The following report contains a description of the request, request specifications, and results from the modular program run(s).

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#### Overview

Date Run: February 21, 2018

Request Description: The purpose of this report was to compare the frequency of diagnoses for malignant melanoma cancer using International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) codes. ICD-10-CM code definitions were determined by mapping from ICD-9-CM code definitions using the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) General Equivalence Mappings (GEMs). Forward-backward mapping (FBM) was used to map ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM codes.<sup>1</sup>

Sentinel Modular Program Tool Used: Cohort Identification and Descriptive Analysis (CIDA) tool, version 5.1.2

<u>Data Source:</u> This request was run against the IBM® MarketScan® Commercial Claims and Encounters Database and Medicare Supplemental Database, which included 121 million members. Data from October 1, 2010 to September 30, 2016 were included in this report. The report includes three separate time periods: 1) October 1, 2010 to September 30, 2016, 2) April 1, 2015 to September 30, 2015, and 3) April 1, 2016 to September 30, 2016. See Appendix A for the dates of available data used in this report.

<u>Study Design:</u> We examined the incidence and prevalence of malignant melanoma cancer across the ICD-9-CM era (October 2010 to September 2015) and ICD-10-CM era (October 2015 to September 2016) in the US. Incidence was additionally evaluated from April 2015 to September 2015 and April 2016 to September 2016. See Appendix B for specific codes used to define malignant melanoma cancer in this request.

<u>Cohort Eligibility Criteria:</u> Members included in the cohorts were required to be continuously enrolled in health plans with at least medical coverage. The following age groups were included: 0-44, 45-64 and 65+ years.

<u>Incident Cohorts:</u> Members included in the incident cohorts were required to be continuously enrolled with at least medical coverage for at least 183 days prior to malignant melanoma cancer diagnosis, during which gaps in coverage of up to 45 days were allowed. Incident malignant melanoma cancer was defined as no previous malignant melanoma cancer diagnosis in the 183 days preceding the index date with respect to ICD-9-CM and ICD-10-CM codes.

<u>Prevalent Cohorts:</u> There was no enrollment time requirement for members in the prevalent cohorts. All qualifying diagnosis codes that occurred between October 1, 2010 and September 30, 2016 were included.

Please see Appendix C for the specifications of parameters used in the analyses for this request.

<u>Limitations:</u> Algorithms used to define exposures, outcomes, and inclusion criteria are imperfect; thus, it is possible that there may be misclassification. Therefore, data should be interpreted with this limitation in mind. The MarketScan claims databases are based on a large convenience sample. Because the sample is not random, it may contain biases or fail to generalize well to other populations. Data come mostly from large employers; medium and small firms may be underrepresented.<sup>2</sup>

**Notes:** Please contact the Sentinel Operations Center Query Fulfillment Team (qf@sentinelsystem.org) for questions and to provide comments/suggestions for future enhancements to this document.

'Fung, K. W., et al. (2016). "Preparing for the ICD-10-CM Transition: Automated Methods for Translating ICD Codes in Clinical Phenotype Definitions." EGEMS (Wash DC) 4(1): 1211.

<sup>2</sup>IBM Watson Health (2018). [online] ibm.com. Available at: https://www.ibm.com/downloads/cas/OWZWJ0QO [Accessed 01 Mar. 2019].



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# Glossary of Terms for Analyses Using Cohort Identification and Descriptive Analysis (CIDA) Tool\*

Amount Supplied - number of units (pills, tablets, vials) dispensed. Net amount per NDC per dispensing.

**Blackout Period** - number of days at the beginning of a treatment episode that events are to be ignored. If an event occurs during the blackout period, the episode is excluded.

Care Setting - type of medical encounter or facility where the exposure, event, or condition code was recorded. Possible care settings include: Inpatient Hospital Stay (IP), Non-Acute Institutional Stay (IS), Emergency Department (ED), Ambulatory Visit (AV), and Other Ambulatory Visit (OA). For laboratory results, possible care settings include: Emergency Department (E), Home (H), Inpatient (I), Outpatient (O), or Unknown or Missing (U). The Care Setting, along with the Principal Diagnosis Indicator (PDX), forms the Care Setting/PDX parameter.

**Ambulatory Visit (AV)** - includes visits at outpatient clinics, same-day surgeries, urgent care visits, and other same-day ambulatory hospital encounters, but excludes emergency department encounters.

**Emergency Department (ED)** - includes ED encounters that become inpatient stays (in which case inpatient stays would be a separate encounter). Excludes urgent care visits.

**Inpatient Hospital Stay (IP)** - includes all inpatient stays, same-day hospital discharges, hospital transfers, and acute hospital care where the discharge is after the admission date.

**Non-Acute Institutional Stay (IS)** - includes hospice, skilled nursing facility (SNF), rehab center, nursing home, residential, overnight non-hospital dialysis and other non-hospital stays.

**Other Ambulatory Visit (OA)** - includes other non overnight AV encounters such as hospice visits, home health visits, skilled nursing facility visits, other non-hospital visits, as well as telemedicine, telephone and email consultations.

**Cohort Definition (drug/exposure)** - indicates how the cohort will be defined: 01: Cohort includes only the first valid treatment episode during the query period; 02: Cohort includes all valid treatment episodes during the query period; 03: Cohort includes all valid treatment episodes during the query period until an event occurs.

Days Supplied - number of days supplied for all dispensings in qualifying treatment episodes.

**Eligible Members** - number of members eligible for an incident treatment episode (defined by the drug/exposure and event washout periods) with drug and medical coverage during the query period.

**Enrollment Gap** - number of days allowed between two consecutive enrollment periods without breaking a "continuously enrolled" sequence.

**Episodes** - treatment episodes; length of episode is determined by days supplied in one dispensing or consecutive dispensings bridged by the episode gap.

**Episode Gap** - number of days allowed between two (or more) consecutive exposures (dispensings/procedures) to be considered the same treatment episode.

**Event Deduplication** - specifies how events are counted by the Modular Program (MP) algorithm: 0: Counts all occurrences of a health outcome of interest (HOI) during an exposure episode; 1: de-duplicates occurrences of the same HOI code and code type on the same day; 2: de-duplicates occurrences of the same HOI group on the same day (e.g., de-duplicates at the group level).

Exposure Episode Length - number of days after exposure initiation that is considered "exposed time."

**Exposure Extension Period** - number of days post treatment period in which the outcomes/events are counted for a treatment episode. Extensions are added after any episode gaps have been bridged.

**Lookback Period** - number of days wherein a member is required to have evidence of pre-existing condition (diagnosis/procedure/drug dispensing).

**Maximum Episode Duration** - truncates exposure episodes after a requester-specified number of exposed days. Applied after any gaps are bridged and extension days added to the length of the exposure episode.

**Member-Years** - sum of all days of enrollment with medical and drug coverage in the query period preceded by an exposure washout period all divided by 365.25.

Minimum Days Supplied - specifies a minimum number of days in length of the days supplied for the episode to be considered.



**Minimum Episode Duration** - specifies a minimum number of days in length of the episode for it to be considered. Applied after any gaps are bridged and extension days added to the length of the exposure episode.

**Monitoring Period** - used to define time periods of interest for both sequential analysis and simple cohort characterization requests.

**Principal Diagnosis (PDX)** - diagnosis or condition established to be chiefly responsible for admission of the patient to the hospital. 'P' = principal diagnosis, 'S' = secondary diagnosis, 'X' = unspecified diagnosis, '.' = blank. Along with the Care Setting values, forms the Caresetting/PDX parameter.

Query Period - period in which the modular program looks for exposures and outcomes of interest.

**Treatment Episode Truncation Indicator** - indicates whether the exposure episode will be truncated at the occurrence of a requester-specified code.

**Washout Period (drug/exposure)** - number of days a user is required to have no evidence of prior exposure (drug dispensing/procedure) and continuous drug and medical coverage prior to an incident treatment episode.

**Washout Period (event/outcome)** - number of days a user is required to have no evidence of a prior event (procedure/diagnosis) and continuous drug and medical coverage prior to an incident treatment episode.

Years at Risk - number of days supplied plus any episode gaps and exposure extension periods all divided by 365.25.

<sup>\*</sup>all terms may not be used in this report



Table 1. Comparison of Incident\* Malignant Melanoma Cancer Diagnoses in the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) Eras (April 1, 2015 - September 30, 2015 and April 1, 2016 - September 30, 2016)

	Members with Diagnosis	Eligible Members	Members with Diagnosis per 10,000 Eligible Members
Malignant Melanoma Cancer			
ICD-9-CM: April 1, 2015 - September 30, 2015			
	17,620	25,661,042	6.87
ICD-10-CM: April 1, 2016 - September 30, 2016			
	17,524	25,368,563	6.91

<sup>\*</sup> Incidence defined by 183 day washout



Figure 1. Incidence of Malignant Melanoma Cancer Diagnoses per 10,000 Eligible Members from October 2010 - September 2016 by Code Type, 183-Day Washout

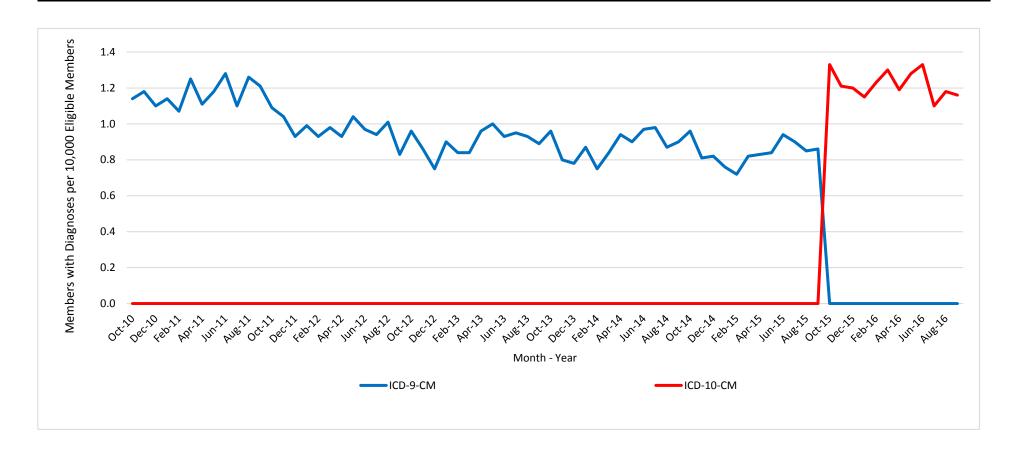
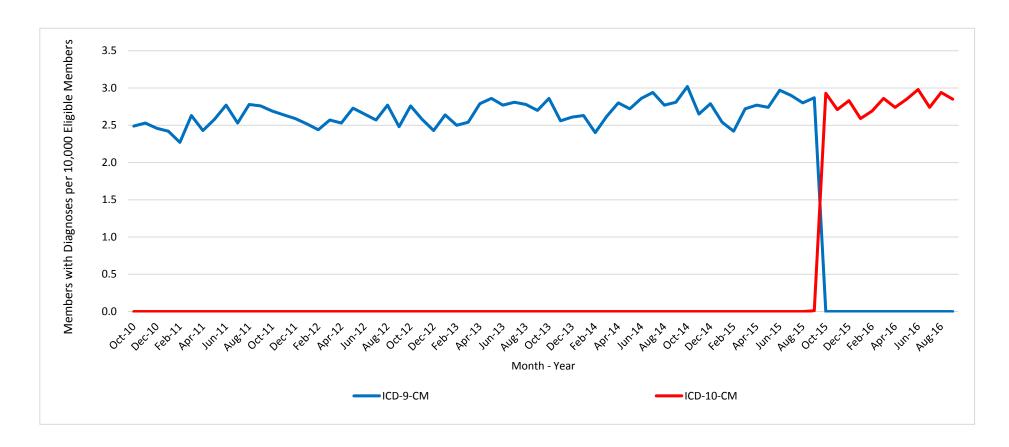




Figure 2. Prevalence of Malignant Melanoma Cancer Diagnoses per 10,000 Eligible Members from October 2010 - September 2016 by Code Type, 0-Day Washout





### Appendix A. Dates Available for IBM® MarketScan® Commercial and Medicare Supplemental Databases

Databases	Start Date	End Date	
IBM MarketScan Commercial and Medicare Supplemental Databases <sup>1</sup>	1/1/2010	9/30/2016	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The IBM MarketScan Databases includes a sample of 121 million employees, dependents, and retirees in the United States with primary or Medicare supplemental coverage through privately insured fee-for-service, point-of-service, or capitated health plans. The IBM MarketScan claims databases are based on a large convenience sample. Because the sample is not random, it may contain biases or fail to generalize well to other populations. Data come mostly from large employers; medium and small firms may be underrepresented. For more information on the IBM MarketScan Databases, please review the White Paper here: https://www.ibm.com/downloads/cas/OWZWJ0QO



Appendix B. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) Diagnosis Codes Used to Define Malignant Melanoma Cancer

Code	Description	Code Type			
ICD-9-CM					
172	Malignant melanoma of skin	ICD-9-CM			
172.0	Malignant melanoma of skin of lip	ICD-9-CM			
172.1	Malignant melanoma of skin of eyelid, including canthus	ICD-9-CM			
172.2	Malignant melanoma of skin of ear and external auditory canal	ICD-9-CM			
172.3	Malignant melanoma of skin of other and unspecified parts of face	ICD-9-CM			
172.4	Malignant melanoma of skin of scalp and neck	ICD-9-CM			
172.5	Malignant melanoma of skin of trunk, except scrotum	ICD-9-CM			
172.6	Malignant melanoma of skin of upper limb, including shoulder	ICD-9-CM			
172.7	Malignant melanoma of skin of lower limb, including hip	ICD-9-CM			
172.8	Malignant melanoma of other specified sites of skin	ICD-9-CM			
172.9	Melanoma of skin, site unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
	ICD-10-CM				
C43.0	Malignant melanoma of lip	ICD-10-CM			
C43.10	Malignant melanoma of unspecified eyelid, including canthus	ICD-10-CM			
C43.11	Malignant melanoma of right eyelid, including canthus	ICD-10-CM			
C43.12	Malignant melanoma of left eyelid, including canthus	ICD-10-CM			
C43.20	Malignant melanoma of unspecified ear and external auricular canal	ICD-10-CM			
C43.21	Malignant melanoma of right ear and external auricular canal	ICD-10-CM			
C43.22	Malignant melanoma of left ear and external auricular canal	ICD-10-CM			
C43.30	Malignant melanoma of unspecified part of face	ICD-10-CM			
C43.31	Malignant melanoma of nose	ICD-10-CM			
C43.39	Malignant melanoma of other parts of face	ICD-10-CM			
C43.4	Malignant melanoma of scalp and neck	ICD-10-CM			
C43.51	Malignant melanoma of anal skin	ICD-10-CM			
C43.52	Malignant melanoma of skin of breast	ICD-10-CM			
C43.59	Malignant melanoma of other part of trunk	ICD-10-CM			
C43.60	Malignant melanoma of unspecified upper limb, including shoulder	ICD-10-CM			
C43.61	Malignant melanoma of right upper limb, including shoulder	ICD-10-CM			
C43.62	Malignant melanoma of left upper limb, including shoulder	ICD-10-CM			
C43.70	Malignant melanoma of unspecified lower limb, including hip	ICD-10-CM			
C43.71	Malignant melanoma of right lower limb, including hip	ICD-10-CM			
C43.72	Malignant melanoma of left lower limb, including hip	ICD-10-CM			
C43.8	Malignant melanoma of overlapping sites of skin	ICD-10-CM			
C43.9	Malignant melanoma of skin, unspecified	ICD-10-CM			
D03.0	Melanoma in situ of lip	ICD-10-CM			
D03.10	Melanoma in situ of unspecified eyelid, including canthus	ICD-10-CM			
D03.11	Melanoma in situ of right eyelid, including canthus	ICD-10-CM			
D03.12	Melanoma in situ of left eyelid, including canthus	ICD-10-CM			
D03.20	Melanoma in situ of unspecified ear and external auricular canal	ICD-10-CM			
D03.21	Melanoma in situ of right ear and external auricular canal	ICD-10-CM			
D03.22	Melanoma in situ of left ear and external auricular canal	ICD-10-CM			
D03.30	Melanoma in situ of unspecified part of face	ICD-10-CM			



# Appendix B. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) Diagnosis Codes Used to Define Malignant Melanoma Cancer

Code	Description	Code Type		
D03.39	Melanoma in situ of other parts of face	ICD-10-CM		
D03.4	Melanoma in situ of scalp and neck	ICD-10-CM		
D03.51	Melanoma in situ of anal skin	ICD-10-CM		
D03.52	Melanoma in situ of breast (skin) (soft tissue)	ICD-10-CM		
D03.59	Melanoma in situ of other part of trunk	ICD-10-CM		
D03.60	Melanoma in situ of unspecified upper limb, including shoulder	ICD-10-CM		
D03.61	Melanoma in situ of right upper limb, including shoulder	ICD-10-CM		
D03.62	Melanoma in situ of left upper limb, including shoulder	ICD-10-CM		
D03.70	Melanoma in situ of unspecified lower limb, including hip	ICD-10-CM		
D03.71	Melanoma in situ of right lower limb, including hip	ICD-10-CM		
D03.72	Melanoma in situ of left lower limb, including hip	ICD-10-CM		
D03.8	Melanoma in situ of other sites	ICD-10-CM		
D03.9	Melanoma in situ, unspecified	ICD-10-CM		



## Appendix C. Specifications for Parameters for this Request

Sentinel's Cohort Identification and Descriptive Analysis (CIDA) tool, version 5.1.2 was used to compare the frequency of diagnoses for malignant melanoma cancer using International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) codes.

Enrollment Gap: 45 days

**Age Groups:** 0-44, 45-64, 65+ years

Enrollment Requirement: 183 days for incidence scenarios;

0 days for prevalence scenarios

Coverage Requirement: At least medical coverage

#### **Event**

Scenario	Query Start Date	Query End Date	Event	Event Code Type	Incident with Respect to:	Washout (days)	Cohort Definition	Care Setting
1	4/1/2015	9/30/2015	Malignant Melanoma	ICD-9-CM	ICD-9-CM	183	First valid event only	Any
2	4/1/2016	9/30/2016	Malignant Melanoma	ICD-10-CM	ICD-10-CM	183	First valid event only	Any
3	10/1/2010	9/30/2016	Malignant Melanoma	ICD-9-CM	ICD-9-CM or ICD-10-CM	183	First valid event only	Any
4	10/1/2010	9/30/2016	Malignant Melanoma	ICD-10-CM	ICD-9-CM or ICD- 10-CM	183	First valid event only	Any
5	10/1/2010	9/30/2016	Malignant Melanoma	ICD-9-CM	N/A	0	All valid events	Any
6	10/1/2010	9/30/2016	Malignant Melanoma	ICD-10-CM	N/A	0	All valid events	Any

ICD-9-CM and ICD-10-CM are provided by Optum360. ICD-10-CM codes were mapped from ICD-9-CM codes using the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services General Equivalence Mappings.